Key vocabulary

 fossil – the remains or trace of a living thing that lived a long time ago



 rock – a natural material found on or underneath the Earth's crust



skeleton – a collection of bones



shell – a hard covering on the outside of an animal's body



- sediment small pieces of soil, sand, gravel and small rocks
- fossilisation the process through which a fossil is formed



Science - Fossils

Factual Knowledge

- A fossil is the remains or trace of a living thing that lived a long time ago.
- Both animals and plants can become fossils.
- Older fossils are usually formed from the shells or bones of living things.
- Animal footprints and tracks can also form fossils.
- When an animal dies, the soft parts of its body break down, leaving behind the hard parts such as the skeleton.
- The process of fossilisation takes thousands of years.