### **PARTS OF A PLANT**

### **FLOWERS**

The **flowers** are often brightly coloured and smell to attract insects.

Insects help with the plants reproduction through pollination.

#### **LEAVES**

The **leaves** use light from the sun, along with carbon dioxide from the air and water to make food for the plant. This process is called photosynthesis.

## **STEM / TRUNK**

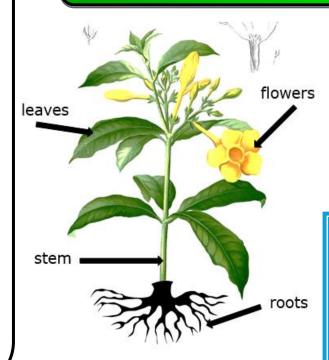
The **stem** carries water and nutrients to different parts of the plant. They keep the plant upright.

#### **ROOTS**

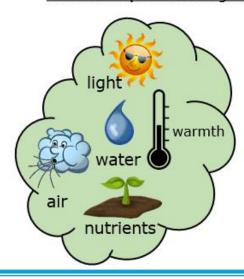
The **roots** of a plant take up water and nutrients from the soil. The roots also keep the plant steady and upright in the soil; they "anchor" the plant.

# **Plants**

Science - Year 3 - Pentecost 1



#### What does a plant need to grow?



Not all plants produce flowers. There are non-flowering plants, such as Ferns and mosses.

They grow from spores instead of seeds.

Non-flowering plants as well as flowering plants make their own food through photosynthesis.

# PLANT REPRODUCTION

<u>Pollination - Pollen</u> is carried by insects or blown by the wind from one flower to another. This process is called **pollination**.

<u>Fertilisation</u> - Pollen reaches the carpel of the new flower. Pollen then travels to the ovary where it fertilises egg cells (ovules) to make seeds. This process is called **fertilisation**.

<u>Seed Dispersal -</u> The seeds are scattered by animals or the wind. This process is called **dispersal**. Some of the seeds will grow into new plants.

