## YR2 GEOMETRY KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER

## Key Concepts

- identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line
- identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces
- identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid]
- compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects.


## Key Vocabulary

- Pentagon
- Hexagon
- $\quad$ Sides
- Curved/ Straight
- Edges
- Vertex/ Vertices/ Corners
- Faces
- Cuboid, Cone, Prism tit
- Quadrilateral
- Polygon
- Symmetry
- Vertical


## 2D Shapes

Children will build on their year 1 knowledge of recognising 2D shapes to begin describing their properties.


Vertices are another way of describing corners, where 2 or more lines meet. If a shape only has 1 corner, it is called a vertex.


A polygon is any 2D shape with straight sides. A quadrilateral is a 4 -sided polygon.

## Symmetry

Children should be taught to recognise whether or not a shape has a line of symmetry. In Year 2, it is only necessary to identify a vertical line of symmetry. This can be done on everyday objects and shapes.

| Vertical line of symmetry | No line of symmetry |
| :--- | :--- |

## 3D Shapes

Vocabulary is key when describing properties of 3D shapes, with the introduction of new mathematical language. Children will justify the recognition of 3D shapes by describing their properties.


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Exploring different 3D shapes will help to reinforce the use of this language. Recording the properties supports this further. For example:


| Shape | Vertices | Edges | Faces |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Square based <br> pyramid | 5 | 8 | 5 |
| Triangular <br> based pyramid | 4 | 6 | 4 |
| Triangular prism | 6 | 9 | 5 |
| Cylinder | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Cone | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Cube | 8 | 12 | 6 |
| Cuboid | 8 | 12 | 6 |

## Identify 2D Shapes on 3D Shapes

When a clear understanding of 2D and 3D shapes is achieved, the next step is to identify the 2D shapes on the surfaces of 3D shapes.

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## Compare and Sort 2D and 3D Shapes

Comparing and sorting can be done simply..


Or in a more advanced way by considering the properties of each shape carefully and identifying similarities and differences.


