Locational Knowledge Place Knowledge Human and Physical Geography Geographical Skills and Fieldwork

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans (KS1 – Locational knowledge)		All continents 5 oceans	Europe	UK	North America	South America
name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas (KS1 - Locational knowledge) name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time (KS2 - locational knowledge)		UK topic		UK topic Local area study - Nottingham and how it's changed	Mountains in UK	Rivers of UK

<u>Locational Kr</u>	nowledge	<u>Place Knowledge</u>	Human	and Physical Geograp	Geographical :	y Geographical Skills and Fieldwork		
understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-		Kenya/UK		UK - Nottingham				
European country (KS1 - Place knowledge) identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles (KS1 - Human & physical)	Linked to seasons work in Science	Linked to Africa topic & weather topic						
Use basic geographical vocabulary (see progression in vocab document and MTPs)	key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house (detached, semi	Continent, ocean, equator, pole, weather, endangered	City, town, population, resort, physical, human, region, climate, capitals, surface, crust, mantle, outer core, inner core, volcano, magma, earthquake, tectonic plates, tsunami,	City, urban, rural, land use, population, physical, human, prime meridian	Mountain, valley, hill, landscape, plateau, ridge, peak, base, range, summit, tectonic plate, slope	Vegetation, coast, river, ocean, source, tributary, mouth, erosion, weathering, deposition, floods, sediment, precipitation, condensation, evaporation, environment, import,		

<u>Locational Knowledge</u>	<u>Place Knowledge</u>	Human and Physical Geography	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork	

	detached, terraced), office, port, harbour and shop		tornadoes, Cumulonimbus cloud			export, hemisphere, archipelago, biodiversity, landlocked, mining, native, deforestation
use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage (KS1 -Skills & fieldwork) use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied (KS2 - Geographical skills & Fieldwork)	Local area Seaside	UK topic Kenya/ UK	Europe topic	UK topic, Nottingham (OS maps)	North America, Mountains	South America, Rivers
use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of	Local area topic - fieldwork		Fieldwork - Queen's park	Fieldwork - local area UK topic - Ordnance survey maps	Fieldwork - Burbage common land use	Fieldwork - Burbage Common

<u>Locational Knowledge</u>		<u>Place Knowledge</u>		and Physical Geograp	hy Geographical	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork	
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features and routes on a map (KS1 - Skills & fieldwork)							
use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world (KS2 - Geographical skills & fieldwork)							
use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key (KS1 - Skills & field work)	Seaside, local area topic.						
use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of	Local area		Fieldwork - Queen's park	Fieldwork - Local area	Fieldwork - Burbage Common - sketch maps, graphs, planning route	Fieldwork - Burbage Common - Rivers	

<u>Locational Knowledge</u>	<u>Place Knowledg</u>	ge Hu	man and Physical Geogra	<u>Geographical</u>	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork	
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its surrounding environment.(KS1 – skills & fieldwork)						
use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies (KS2 - Geographical skills & fieldwork)						
locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities (KS2 - locational knowledge)		Europe		North America	South America	
identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern	Equator – Africa topic	Longitude and latitude	Prime meridian (UK topic)	Northern/ Southern hemisphere, Arctic/Antarctic	Hemispheres, tropic of Cancer/ Capricorn (South America unit)	

Locational Knowledge		<u>Place Knowledge</u>		Human and Physical Geogra	phy <u>Ge</u>	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork	
Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night) (KS2 - Locational knowledge) understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America (KS2 - place knowledge)	Seaside/ local area study	United Kingdom/ Kenya	Italy (Europe	e) UK (Nottingham)	circle & finked to		South America (Brazil)
describe and understand key aspects of Physical Geography			Volcanoes & Earthquakes	Water cycle (Linked to Science)	Mountair Volcanoe Vegetati North Ai	s, on belts -	Climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers
describe and understand key aspects of Human			Europe study	y UK study	North Ai	merica	South America study

<u>Locational Knowledge</u>		Place Knowledge	Place Knowledge		Human and Physical Geography		Geographical Skills and Fieldwork		
Geography, including					Nottingham local				<u> </u>
types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water					study				